MANAGING COLLABORATIVE WORKNG IN CASE OF LIPI





 BAMBANG SUBIYANTO DPEUTY CHAIRMAN FOR SCIENTIFIC SERVICES - LIPI



PRESENTATION CONTENT

- Profile Overview of Indonesian Institute of Sciences (Lipi)
- International Center for Interdisciplinary and Advanced Research (ICIAR) as Position for International Collaborative Working
- Future Challenge





PROFILE OVERVIEW





World Class Research Institution

- Oldest research institution
 - Established in 1967
 - Its history is much older, rooted from colonial era, in 1817 (Center for Plant Conservation/ Bogor Botanical Garden)
- Largest research Institution
- Top 5% world wide (Webometrics)
- Leading patent contributor in Indonesia







Largest Research Institution

- 26 Research Centers
- 16 Technical Implementation
- 4 Administrative Bureaus
- 2 International Center
- 4 Botanical Gardens
- 4648 employees (1543 researchers)
- Located in 11 provinces
- 4 places of main campus

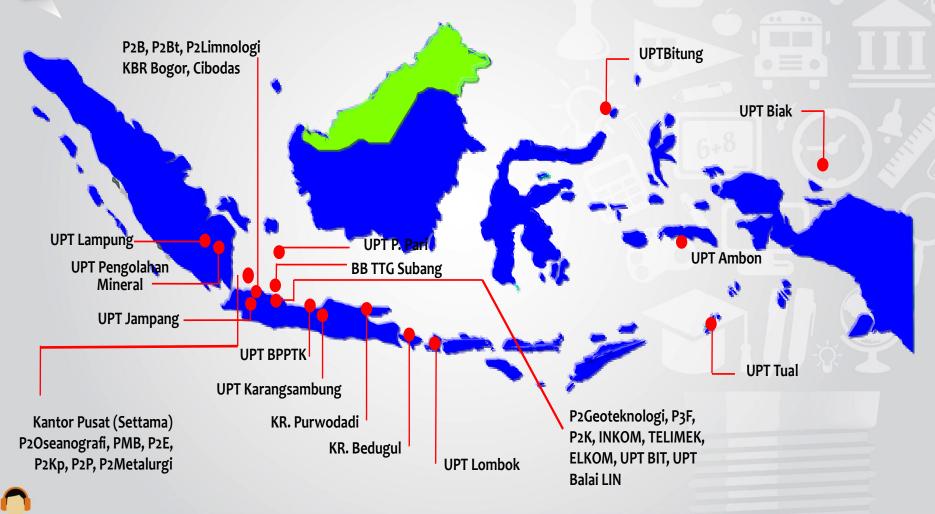




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DISTRIBUTION OF LIPI'S OFFICE





World Class Facilities

For Biodiversity and Life Sciences

Herbarium Bogoriense

- Third largest herbarium in flora reference collections
- Established in 1817



- Top ten largest fauna specimen reference collections
- 4 Botanical Gardens
 - Bogor (est. 1817), Cibodas (est. 1861)
 - Bali and Purwodadi









Other Facilities

- 2 Marine Research Vessel
 - Baruna Jaya VII (Ambon)
 - Baruna Jaya VIII (Jakarta)
- National Centre for Scientific Documentation and Information
- Center for Measurement and Assessment Standards serves as National Reference for Measurement and Testing





RESEARCH CENTRES

EARTH SCIENCES

Geotechnology
Oceanography
Limnology
Metalurgy and Material
Deep Sea, Ambon

LIFE SCIENCES

Biology

Biotechnology

Biomaterials

Botanical Garden Conservation Center

ENGINEERING SCIENCES

Physics

Appropriate Technology Development

Chemistry
Electricity & Mechatronics
Electronics & Telecommunication

SOCIAL SCIENCES & HUMANITIES

Economics
Population
Politics

Social & Culture

Regional Resources

SCIENTIFIC SERVICES

Center for Innovation

Center for Documentation & Scientific Information

Metrology

Quality System& Assessment Technology

Development of Science & Technology

Center for Researcher Development, Education and Training





Scientific Authority

 Governing body for researchers nation wide (training, assessment and authorization / granting of Research Professorships)

- Accreditation for Indonesian scientific journals
- 3. Scientific authority in the fields of:
 - a) Biodiversity Conservation and Utilities eg.CITES
 - b) Botanical Gardens Construction and Management
 - c) Scientific Measurement and Testing





International Centers

 Asia-Pacific Centers for Ecohydrology (APCE)

 International Center for Interdisciplinary and Advanced Research (ICIAR)

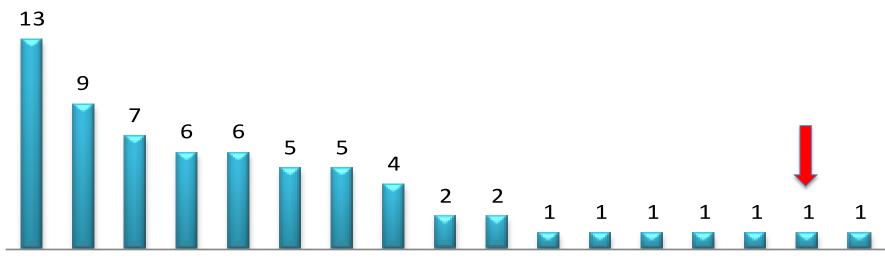




International Collaboration

(2007 - 2013)

International Collaboration (2007-2013)



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International Center for Interdisciplinary and Advanced Research (ICIAR)





Core Modalities of ICIAR

Re search

Educa tion

Train ing

Research Centers •Research
University
•Degree
granting
Science
Academies

Universities

Modalities

- Interdisciplinary and Advanced Research
- Research with training and education components



Purpose:

 Establishing LIPI's International Center for Interdisciplinary and Advanced Research with the central attention on **Environment and Human** Security to produce great science, through advanced and frontier research programmes, leading to strategic and sustainable solutions to the global, regional, national and local emerging problems.



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Missions

- To further develop LIPI's existing research capacity in environment and human security at large through the implementation of multidisciplinary advanced and frontier mission-oriented research programmes in selected fields,
- To produce great science and knowledge leading to strategic solutions to the environment and human security issues and their relevant emerging challenges, and
- To contribute to the world of knowledge on the basic understanding of environment and human security and its viable developmental significance.





Research Programes

Interdisciplinary and Advanced Research on Environment and Human Security

Biogeo dynamics and sustain able environ ment

Climate change and disaster risk reduc tion

Coastal commu nity resi lience

Food, health and biomed ical studies Green advan ced materi als Conflict
and crisis
manage
ment,
and intercultural
studies



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Current International and National networking development



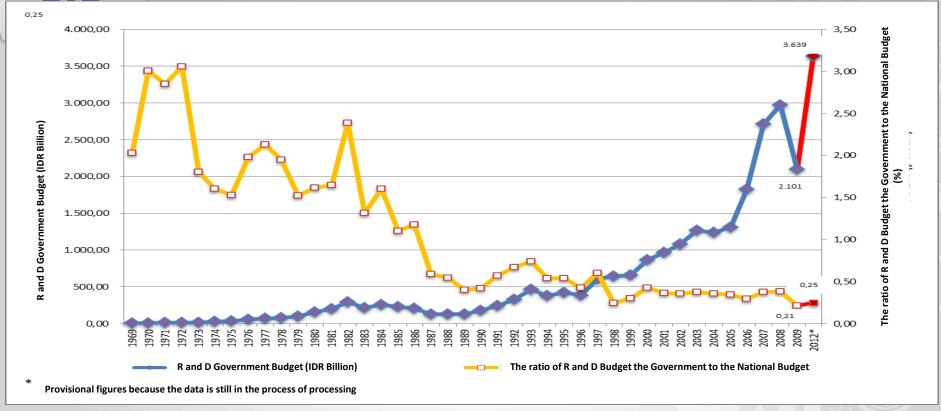


TREND INDONESIA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND ITS PROBLEMS





RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT GOVERNMENT BUDGET 1969-2012



Source: Indonesian Science and Technology Indicators 2010



PROBLEM Science and Technology
Throughout the years 1980-2012 a decline in the government's attention to the priority of science and technology very low that show in the government budget.



RATIO OF RESEARCHERS PER 10,000 POPULATION IN ASEAN



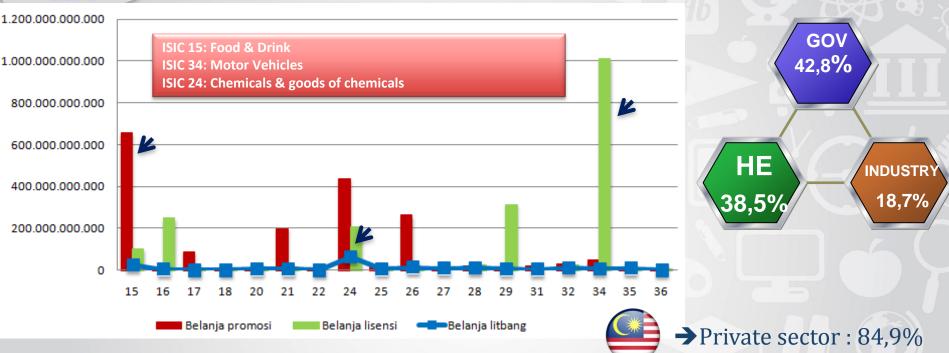
sources:

- *) Indonesian Science and Technology Indicators 2011
- **) Malaysian S & T Indicators, 2010
- ***) State of Development of R & D in ASEAN 2011

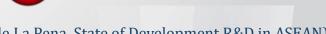




PRIVATE SECTOR CONTRIBUTION FOR R & D



The lack of private sector interest in R & D activities allegedly because not supported by tax incentives for R & D as in developed countries



→ Private sector: 45%

Innovation

(de La Pena, State of Development R&D in ASEAN)

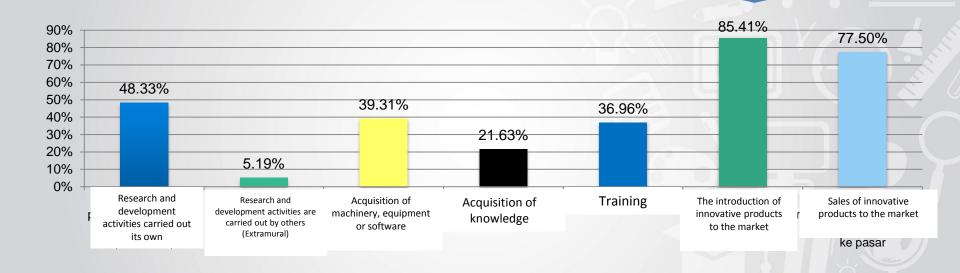


Source: Survey of R & D sector Manufacturing Industry, 2010. Pappiptek-LIPI; Data estimates from the college sector R & D survey (2009) and Industrial Manufacturing



INNOVATION ACTIVITIES

Innovation activity that most people do is related to marketing innovations, such as the introduction of products and after sales activities



The private sector tends to innovate without the cost of R & D, resulting in less innovation of products and processes that are essential to long-term competitiveness





FUTURE CHALLENGES

INDONESIA SHOULD ENCOURAGE INNOVATION THROUGH ECONOMIC GROWTH BASED R & D

- Encouraging creative industry companies small and medium scale into a multinational company with the support of R & D
- Institutional framework that supports to facilitate the financing of R & D, collaborative R & D, R & D incentives
- Direction of research activities need to select seed fields (picking the winner) that will create a basic technology for competitive advantage Indonesian sources such future biodiversity-based (eg, with accelerated development of CSC)



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25



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